

# IAABO/GHSA MANUAL/MECHANICS EXAM—2003–2004

## CREW OF TWO

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|--|-----|---|---|
| 1. The official granting the timeout shall communicate the information to the table and no longer relay the information to the nearest official.   | 1.  | Y | N |
| 2. When the ball goes out of bounds in the frontcourt above the free throw line extended on the Lead's sideline, Trail crosses the court to administer the ensuing throw-in.   | 2.  | Y | N |
| 3. When a violation is called there are four specific signals to be given.   | 3.  | Y | N |
| 4. The Lead official mirrors the successful 3-point goal signal of the Trail.  | 4.  | Y | N |
| 5. On a fastbreak play, the Lead official may call basket interference or goaltending.   | 5.  | Y | N |
| 6. A player control foul committed just inside the top of a free throw semicircle requires that the throw-in be administered at the endline.   | 6.  | Y | N |
| 7. When the defense presses in the backcourt the new Lead should "stay up" to assist with coverage.  | 7.  | Y | N |
| 8. In administering free throws, both officials will see that the lane spaces are properly occupied..  | 8.  | Y | N |
| 9. The "calling" official shall announce any "official warning" at the site and report it to the scorer, there is no requirement to report to the coach.   | 9.  | Y | N |
| 10. Between the first and second quarters and third and fourth quarters, the Umpire is positioned on the free throw line in the frontcourt of the direction of play.   | 10. | Y | N |
| 11. During a 30-second timeout, the officials are positioned at the top of the 3-point arc.  | 11. | Y | N |
| 12. During a 60-second timeout the official who administers the succeeding throw-in shall be at the designated spot (exception—table and bench areas) and the partner positioned half way between the center circle and the opposite sideline. | 12. | Y | N |
| 13. When signalling a violation, part of the procedure calls for indicating the throw-in spot.   | 13. | Y | N |
| 14. When reporting a foul the official is expected to go to a specified reporting area.  | 14. | Y | N |
| 15. The officials shall always change positions after each foul is reported, even technical fouls.   | 15. | Y | N |
| 16. Every whistle should be simultaneously accompanied by a stop-the-clock signal.   | 16. | Y | N |
| 17. On a try or tap, the Trail official shall take at least one step toward the near endline.  | 17. | Y | N |
| 18. After the final free throw for a technical foul, the throw-in may be administered on either side of the court at the division line.  | 18. | Y | N |
| 19. On a poor toss, only the Umpire should sound the whistle and order a rejump.   | 19. | Y | N |
| 20. A visible count must be used on all time-limit situations, except for the free-throw lane 3-second call.   | 20. | Y | N |
| 21. Prior to leaving the court, at the end of the first half, the Umpire confers with the scorer and sets the arrow for the third quarter possession.  | 21. | Y | N |
| 22. Before each extra period, the Referee should instruct the scorers, timers, and captains as to the correct overtime procedure.  | 22. | Y | N |
| 23. At the end of halftime the Referee checks for proper substitutions, informs team as to who will have the throw-in, secures the ball then goes to the division line opposite the table.   | 23. | Y | N |
| 24. While A-1 is dribbling in the frontcourt, A-2 is called for a 3-second violation. Official administers a sideline throw-in.  | 24. | Y | N |
| 25. On a designated throw-in spot violation, the travel signal is the appropriate mechanic.  | 25. | Y | N |

## CREW OF THREE

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| 26. | Y | N | 26. Indicating the throw-in spot and designating the throw-in spot serve identical communication purposes.                                       |
| 27. | Y | N | 27. The location of the ball determines which side of the court is considered ball side.   |
| 28. | Y | N | 28. Officials may relay timeouts.  |
| 29. | Y | N | 29. After the jump ball is completed, the Referee will always assume the Trail position and check the arrow setting.                             |
| 30. | Y | N | 30. Opposite side refers to the side of the court opposite the scorer's and timer's table.   |
| 31. | Y | N | 31. The Lead keys the rotation.  |
| 32. | Y | N | 32. When the Lead official closes down, the Trail must also close down for effective coverage.   |
| 33. | Y | N | 33. On a jump ball the U2 is responsible for the eight nonjumpers.   |
| 34. | Y | N | 34. If the foul calling official is in a position opposite the scorer's table and there is a free throw, there will be no switch.                |
| 35. | Y | N | 35. The Center official is primarily responsible for weak side rebound play.   |
| 36. | Y | N | 36. In transition all backcourt throw-ins (endline or sideline) call for the "old Lead" to become the Trail and administer the throw-in.         |
| 37. | Y | N | 37. The Trail and Lead apply the "double the line" concept on all throw-ins.   |
| 38. | Y | N | 38. The Trail official is positioned near the division line.   |
| 39. | Y | N | 39. The Lead official never administers a throw-in on a sideline.  |
| 40. | Y | N | 40. There should never be two Trail officials.   |
| 41. | Y | N | 41. While a foul is reported, the free officials are primarily responsible for retrieving the ball for the subsequent throw-in or free throw(s). |
| 42. | Y | N | 42. The position for officials during a timeout is the same whether the timeout is a 60-second or 30-second timeout.                             |
| 43. | Y | N | 43. During the administration of free throws, the Trail official watches all lane activity in assisting the Center and Lead officials.           |
| 44. | Y | N | 44. On a 3-point attempt, the Trail and the Center official will mirror each other if the try is successful.                                     |
| 45. | Y | N | 45. The team of officials should maintain a wide triangle of coverage.   |
| 46. | Y | N | 46. It is not unusual to find two Center officials after a rotation has been initiated by the Lead.  |
| 47. | Y | N | 47. When a player attempts a three-point field goal only the official whose area the player is in should signal the three-point attempt.         |
| 48. | Y | N | 48. During the intermission between quarters the two Umpires are positioned on the free throw line.  |
| 49. | Y | N | 49. When the Lead official shortens up (closes down) toward the free throw lane line the Center official should rotate to the Trail position.    |
| 50. | Y | N | 50. The table side official is primarily responsible for ruling on last-second shot.   |

# IAABO/GHSA 2003-04 MECHANICS EXAM REFERENCE SHEET

## CREW OF TWO

1. **Yes**—272 (See Foreword 1999–2001 manual)
2. **No**—page 35
3. **Yes**—260
4. **No**—281(d)
5. **Yes**—264
6. **Yes**—119; pages 20–21
7. **Yes**—204
8. **Yes**—240
9. **No**—222
10. **No**—275
11. **Yes**—270; 273; page 45
12. **No**—270; 273; page 45
13. **Yes**—260(e)
14. **Yes**—231(a); page 37
15. **Yes**—232; 233; pages 38–40
16. **Yes**—215; 230(a); 260(a); 272; sig. cht. 2, 4, 5
17. **Yes**—205; 241(b)
18. **No**—219
19. **No**—212
20. **Yes**—207
21. **No**—109(a) & (c)
22. **Yes**—112
23. **No**—109(j); (k); (l)
24. **No**—119; page 21
25. **No**—Signal chart No. 20

## CREW OF THREE

26. **No**—330; 331; 340(f); 370(e)
27. **Yes**—314(g)
28. **Yes**—377 & 378
29. **Yes**—324, pages 61–62
30. **Yes**—314(k)
31. **No**—314(a)
32. **Yes**—314(f–1)
33. **Yes**—323
34. **Yes**—343; page 72
35. **Yes**—Pages 54–55
36. **Yes**—Pages 65–66
37. **Yes**—Pages 65–68
38. **No**—312; 314(e); page 51
39. **Yes**—308
40. **Yes**—Page 52
41. **No**—342(b)
42. **No**—378; Diagram 72
43. **Yes**—353(a), (b), (c)
44. **Yes**—387(d); page 56
45. **Yes**—315(a); pages 51–56
46. **Yes**—Page 52
47. **Yes**—387(c)
48. **No**—380
49. **No**—Page 52
50. **No**—390